

تحديات

كيف نستخدم تقنيات ذكاء الاعمال لدعم اتخاذ القرارات في جودة وسلامة الغذاء

CHALLENGES

HOW DO BUSINESSES MAKE EFFICIENT FOOD SAFETY QUALITY WITH BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE?

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الثورة الصناعية الأولي

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الثورة الصناعية الثانية

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الثورة الصناعية الثالثة

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ثورة المعلومات



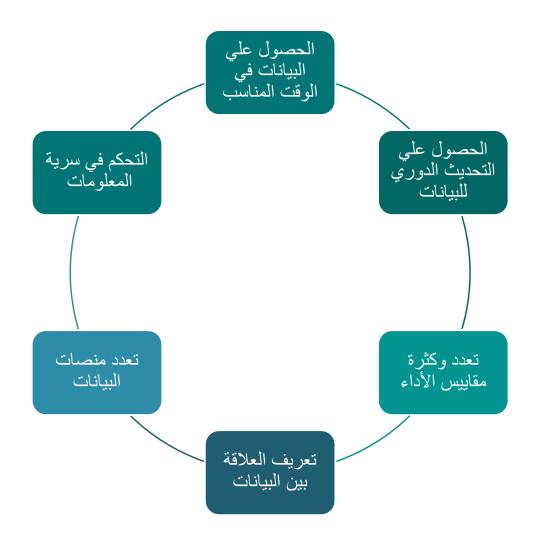
المحاور

- ما هي الصعوبات التي تواجهها في جمع مؤشر ات جودة وسلامة الغذاء؟

- هل توجد جميع بيانات الجودة في نظام واحد ام عدة أنظمة؟

> - كيف نستعمل تقنيات الذكاء الصناعي في تحسين اداء الجودة؟

- كيف نستخدم ادوات ذكاء الاعمال في معرفة أسباب ضعف الجودة؟



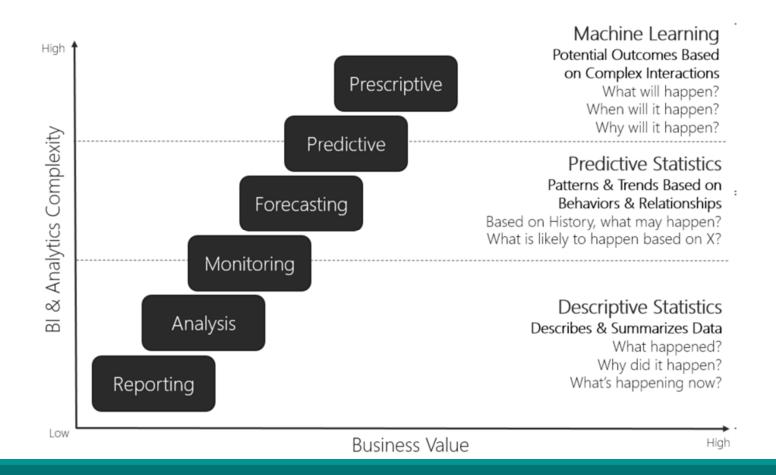
تحديات تحليل وتنقية وعرض البيانات

Business Intelligence التحليل الذكي للأعمال

تحليل الماضي وتحسين المستقبل

وضع أطر لإدارة الأداء لتحديد المؤشرات الرئيسية وتتبعها وتوفير التحليل الذكي للأعمال.

Maturity Model

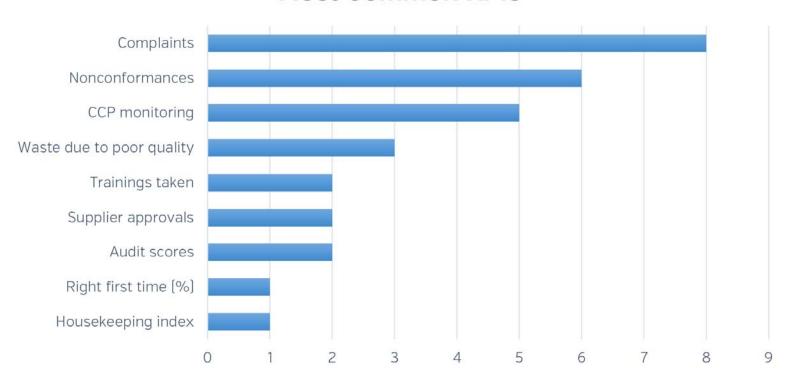




Food safety KPIs

Most important food safety KPIs

Most Common KPIs



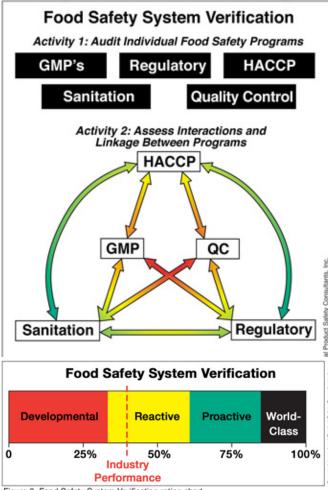


Figure 3. Food Safety System Verification rating chart.

Food safety system verification

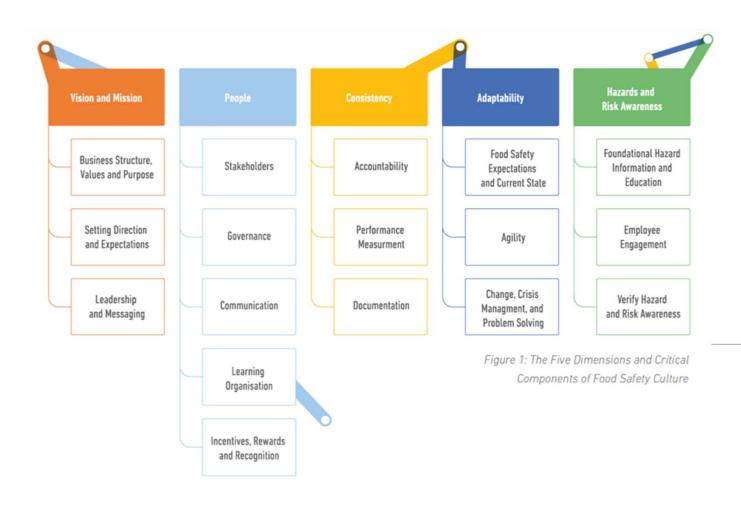
Comprehensive food safety system

Manufacturing Supply Chain Comprehensive Food Safety System						
KPIs Training Documentation Specifications Process Controls Equipment Manufacturing Procedures Components Handling Traceability Lot Coding Storage Facilities Buildings and Grounds Maintenance Procedures Welfare Facilities Pest Control Chemical Control Vendor Programs Co-packer Programs Recordkeeping Auditing	KPIs Training Documented Procedures Cleaning Schedules Monitoring Actions on Deviations Chemical Control Cleaning Equipment Water Supply Sewers Process Waste Refuse Handling Recordkeeping Auditing	KPIs Training Documentation Plant Registration Process Filing Process Authority Inspection Readiness Recall Procedures Recordkeeping Auditing	KPIs Training Control of Documents Specifications Testing Methods Documented Procedures Calibration of Devices Inspection and Testing Process Controls Actions on Deviations Recordkeeping Auditing	KPIs Training Documentation Product Descriptions Flow Charts Hazard Analysis Critical Control Points Critical Limits Monitoring Actions on Deviations Responsible Personnel Verification Recordkeeping Auditing		

Figure 2. Key performance indicators for rating elements of a food safety system.



Food safety culture



Food safety culture

Example of some metrics identified for the five dimensions

Dimension	Mission and Vision	People	Consistency	Adaptability	Hazards and R isk Awareness
Examples of Metrics	Number of certificates (Food Safety) Internal communication effectiveness	 Food Safety continuous training plan Food Safety related activities performance evaluation 	% of Nonconformities from the same suppliers % of the analysis plan done	 Events of market withdrawals Response to verification plan failures 	Nonconformities resulting from behaviors that put Food Safety at risk Information and understanding about hazards and risks identified in the organization.

Measuring Food Safety Culture

Vision and Mission	People	Consistency	Adaptability	Hazards and Risk Awareness	
M1: Existence of objectives and a defined policy, both at the level of purpose and intention, at food safety management system planning level, risk assessment level, or company strategic level. Mean: 4.57	M4: Percent of employees involved in the production/handling of foods with high understanding of your commitment to food safety. Mean: 4.32	M7: Compliance of workers' food safety responsibilities. Mean: 4.33	M2: Percent of corrective actions implemented timely and effectively. Mean: 4.27	M4: Compliance with procedures related to CCP deviations. Mean: 4.37	
M9: Top management commitment to continuous improvement. Mean: 4.50	M5: Percent of employees involved in the production / handling of foods with high understanding of the implications of nonconformities. Mean: 4.27	M6: Consistency between proposed strat- egies and actual actions. Mean: 4.22	M4: Effectiveness of customer complaint handling procedure. Mean: 4.26	M3: Percent of noncon- formities resulting from behaviors that put food safety at risk. Mean: 4.22	
M4: Percent of production supervisors with knowledge of HACCP methodology (besides legal obligations). Mean: 4.29	M9: Investment/existence of a continuous training program in food safety. Mean: 4.27	M12: Existence of documents with clear description of tasks/re- sponsibilities. Mean: 4.22	M8: Customer satisfaction (response rate and customer satisfaction index). Mean: 4.17	M1: Percent of employ- ees complying with food safety training plan. Mean: 4.22	

Table 1. Metrics rated higher by food safety professionals (mean values based on 1 to 5 scale).

Analysis of 180 responses assessing the organizational culture of food safety; 51.1% of answers obtained were from those at companies with 250 or more workers. Around 71.7% of participants stated that the company where they work/have worked operated at the national and international levels, and 86.1% were at companies/organizations with the most diverse types of certifications in food safety.

Senior management

- ° Leadership starting from the top
- Demonstrating visible commitment
- ° Effective communication of company philosophy and policy
- Ensuring there is accountability from the top of the organization to the bottom
- ^o Developing employee confidence and mutual trust
- Oeveloping reward schemes including 'Employee of the Month' award
- Ensuring all employees are accountable, engaged and understand the value of integrity and proactivity
- Developing an action plan for the development and continuing improvement of food safety culture

Communication processes for promoting food safety include:

- Team briefings
- Staff reviews
- Daily Management meetings
- Feedback mechanisms
- Newsletters
- Notice boards

Senior management should monitor and measure through reports and trend analysis the degree of development of the food safety culture by analyzing information including KPIs from:

- Hygiene & Housekeeping Audits
- Internal Audits
- External Audits
- Non-conforming products
- Environmental monitoring
- ° Review of implementation plan and numbers trained
- Employee reviews
- ° Staff surveys on values and culture
- Customer Complaints
- Staff Turnover
- Staff Exit Interviews

All employees should undergo individual food safety culture development which can include:

- Food Safety Policy
- Food Safety Objectives
- ° Food Safety Management System Overview
- Job Descriptions
- Job Training
- Employee Briefing
- Individual Objectives
- ° CCP Controls Training Procedures & Record Completion
- ° PRP Controls Training Procedures & Record Completion
- Employee Review

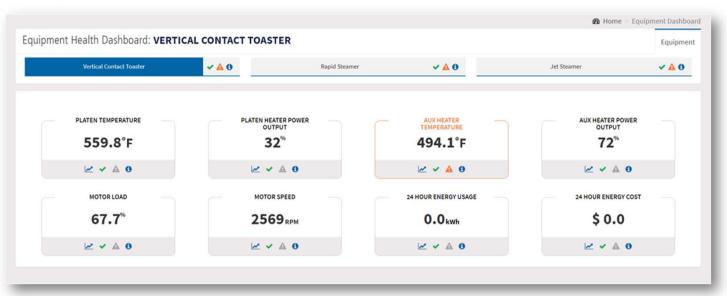
Food safety charts

Food Safety Dashboard

Online HACCP Logs

Performance Reports

Incidents Hub



Online HACCP Logs

ANALYTICS & ACTIONS

- Identify out of range temperatures
- View food temperatures
- Log corrective actions
- Standardize processes across store locations
- Manage workflow & alert settings
- Generate compliance & food safety reports

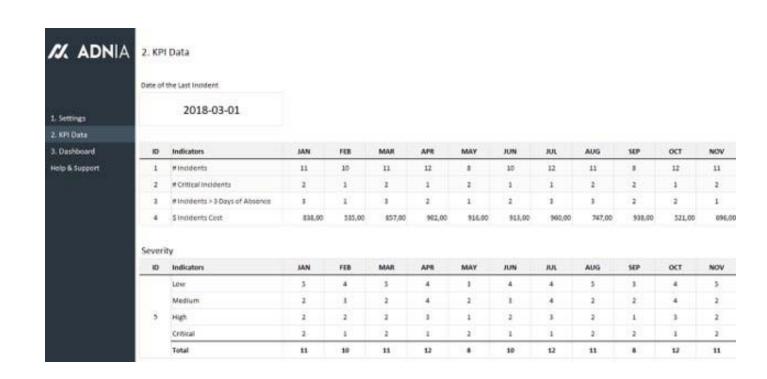


Online HACCP Logs

COMPLIANCE REPORTING

° address internal and external compliance inquiries accurately, organized and in real time.

Show 25	how 25 rentries Enter keyword to search.							
Date ↓ <u>‡</u>	Time Recorded	Event ↓↑	Store ! ↑	Product Name ↓↑	Min Range °	Max Range °	Recorded Temp °	Corrective Action
5/31/2018	07:46 AM	#1 - Opening Carryover Temperature Survey - New		Beans & Rice (Carryover) Walk- in	34.00	41.00	34.88	
5/31/2018	07:47 AM	#1 - Opening Carryover Temperature Survey - New		Bean Mix (Carryover) Walk-in	34.00	41.00	34.88	
5/31/2018	10:23 AM	#1 - Opening Carryover Temperature Survey - New		Chili (Carryover) Walk-in	34.00	41.00	38.12	
5/31/2018	10:42 AM	#2 - 10:30 AM Temp Log Survey - New		Cheese (Cold) Walk-in	34.00	41.00	37.04	
5/31/2018	10:43 AM	#2 - 10:30 AM Temp Log Survey - New		Cheese (Cold) Steam Table	34.00	41.00	39.38	
5/31/2018	10:44 AM	#2 - 10:30 AM Temp Log Survey - New		Chicken (Cold) Burrito Bar	34.00	41.00	35.6	





Some examples of the Dashboard:

Supplier Compliance Status

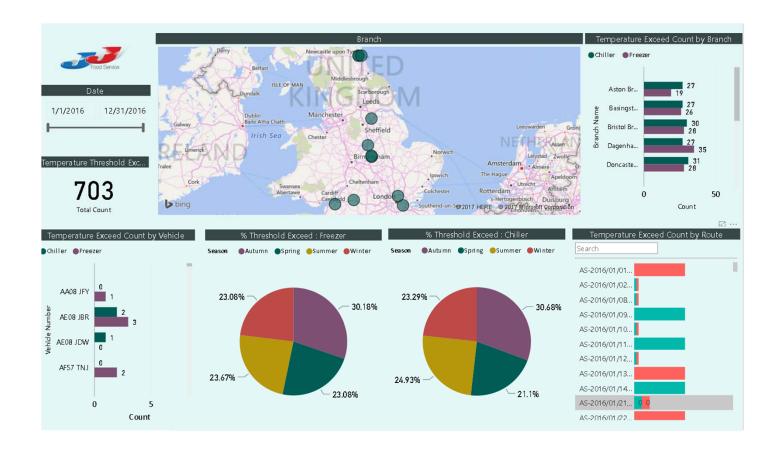
Corrective Action Trends

Document Control Status

Supply Chain Food Safety Incidents

Supplier Questionnaire Analysis

Transforming Food supply chain operations



المراقبة الرقمية مصانع إنتاج الغذاء

فوائد لوحة التحكم التفاعلية

°متابعة مؤشرات الأداء الرئيسية لمصنع إنتاج الغذاء.

°سهولة إعداد التنبيهات.

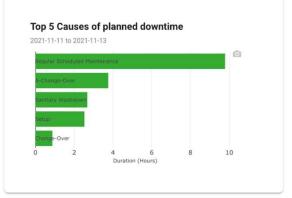
°تحسين الوصول إلى المعلومات.

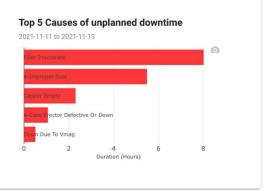
Availability and Downtime Dashboard



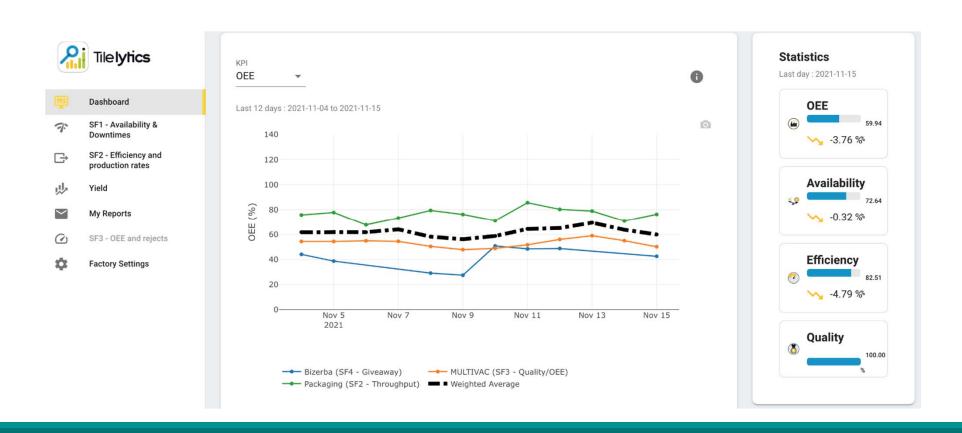
تكاليف العمالة أثناء التوقف النسبة المئوية لإنتاجية الماكينات مدة التعطل الإجمالي والمخطط وغير المخطط له

Factory Settings

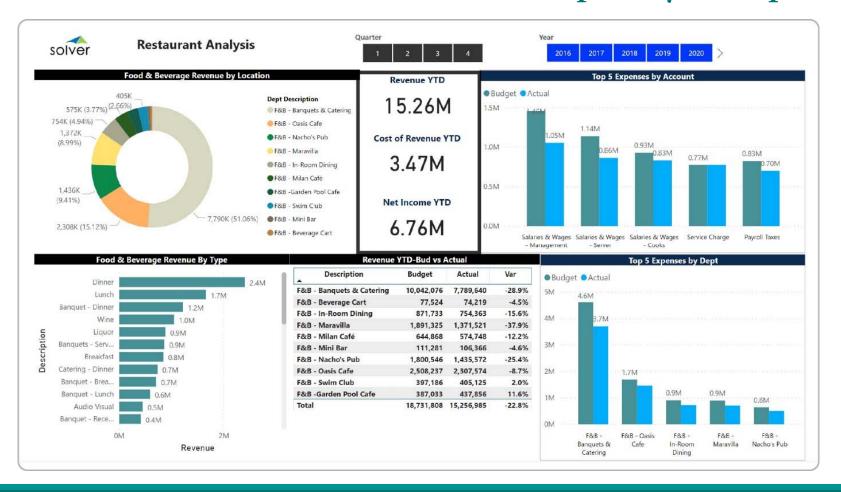




OEE Dashboard overall equipment effectiveness



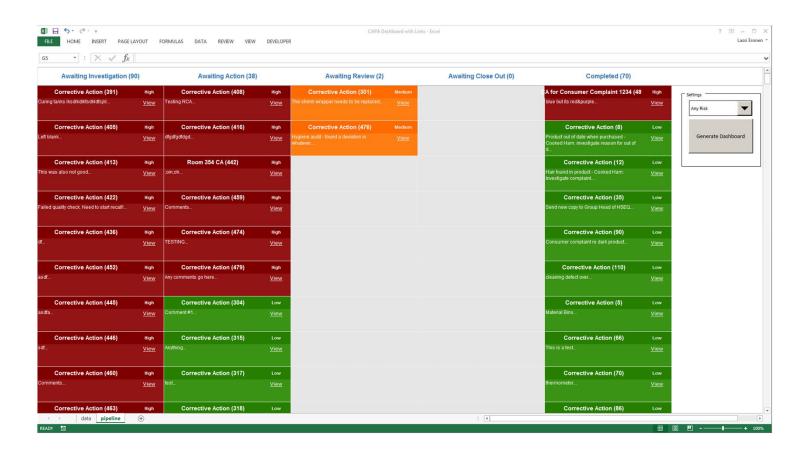
Restaurant Dashboard for Hospitality Companies



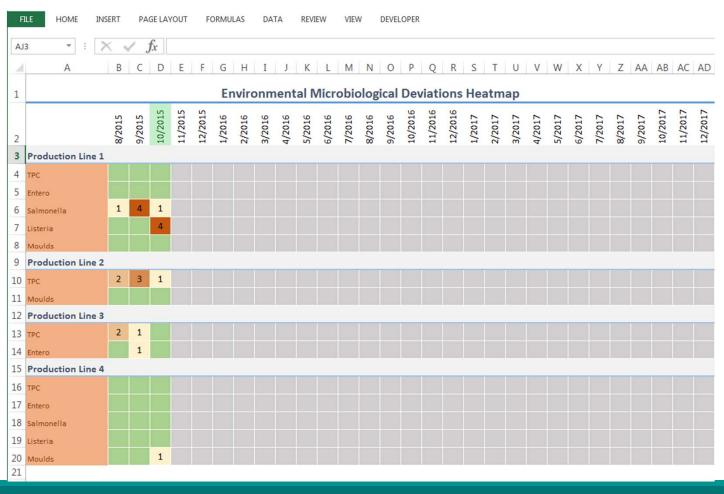


Developing advanced food safety reports and dashboards

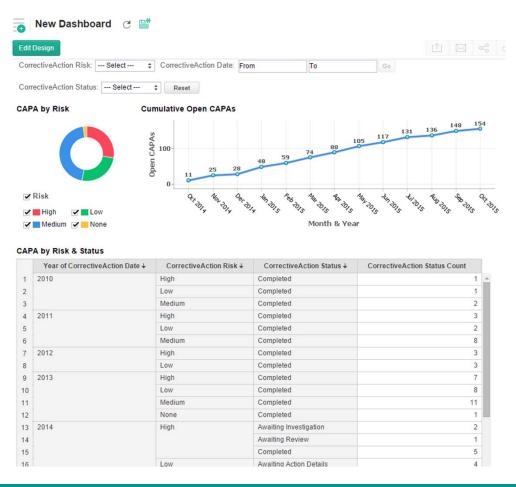
Corrective Actions



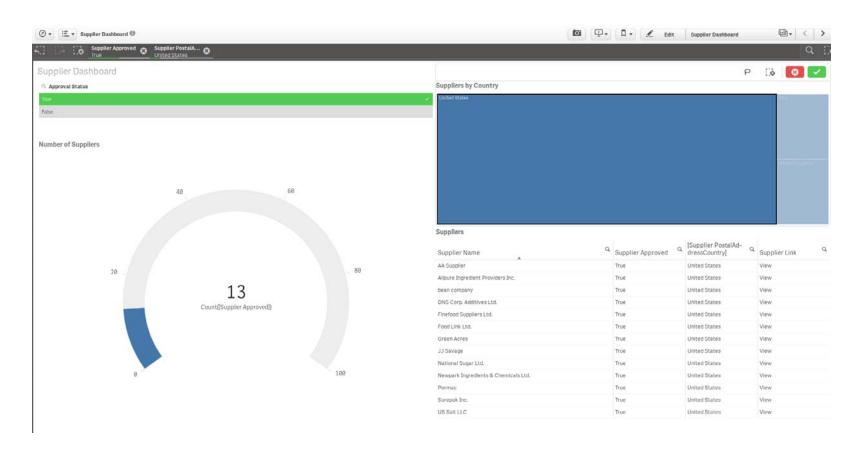
Monitoring deviations heat-map

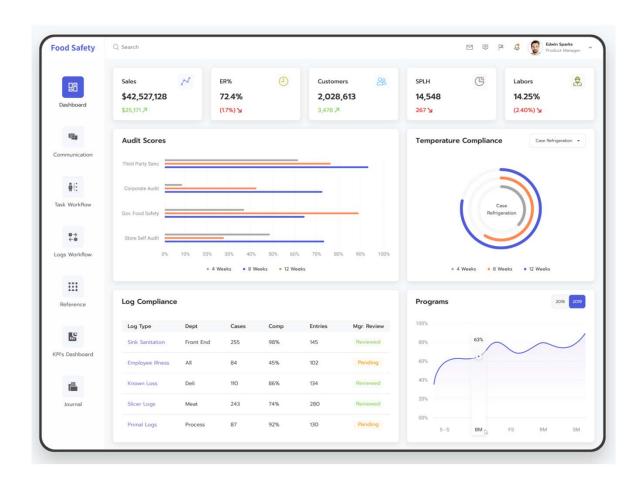


Corrective Action Preventive Action (CAPA) by Risk



supplier dashboard





Food Safety Dashboard

The FDA's new food safety dashboard for tracking FSMA progress



Food Safety Terms

<u>Allergen</u> is any normally harmless substance inside the food that causes an allergic reaction for people. In different countries, there are different allergens defined—for example, 14 in the UK, 8 in the US. More than 2 million people in the UK experience food allergies each year, and the number is rising every year.

Allergy notice poster is an informative poster for your kitchen team to display. Your kitchen team will see at a glance all major allergens and the risks these allergens involve.

Bacteria are single-celled microorganisms like Salmonella, Campylobacter, and Escherichia coli. Those are among the most common foodborne pathogens that affect millions of people by causing most of the foodborne illnesses in the world.

Biological hazards are microorganisms such as bacteria, molds, and viruses. Pathogenic microorganisms can cause a threat to human health because they cause most foodborne illnesses.

Celiac is a reaction to a protein fraction called gluten. It's found in wheat and wheat-related cereals such as rye, oats, and barley. As gluten is widely used in processed food, allergic people are in trouble trying to avoid it.

Cleaning checklist is an important part of your HACCP plan. It is a list of all the surfaces and activities that need to be cleaned and is divided by the frequency. The cleaning checklist helps you and your team to stay organized on your cleaning

<u>Cleaning schedule</u> occurs when bacteria spread between food, equipment, and work areas. For example, bacteria can spread from raw ingredients to the finished product when equipment and utensils are not segregated appropriately. Preventing cross-contamination is a key factor in preventing foodborne illness.

Consumer advisory is a written statement for your customers about the food safety-related risks when eating raw or undercooked food. The customer advisory statement protects customers who are especially vulnerable to foodborne diseases, for example, the elderly, pregnant women, toddlers, and people with compromised immune systems.

Cooking temperature chart helps your team to remember all necessary temperatures when cooking. A core temperature inside the food is crucially important to prevent foodborne illnesses and to protect your company.

Critical Control points (CCPs) are steps in your food business process where you need to prevent or reduce food safety hazards to an acceptable level. Critical control points exist at every stage of the process, starting from ordering ingredients, ending up with serving the products.

Decision tree is a part of your HACCP plan, a sequence of questions that help to determine whether a particular production process step is a Critical Control Points (CCP) or not. It helps to prevent or eliminate a food safety hazard or reduce it to an acceptable level.

<u>Delivery control</u> means monitoring your incoming goods to prevent food safety hazards. The monitor should always include the temperature, labeling, packaging, product characteristics, and condition of the delivery vehicle. Always record your monitoring.

E-learning is an online training course that delivers all essential information on food safety, hygiene, and HACCP. Very common in innovative countries, like the US.

Flow chart, also called a HACCP flow diagram, is a pictorial representation of all your production processes. It represents all the steps your raw materials go through before becoming a finished product in your menu.

Food allergen poster helps your team to easily remember all significant allergens that cause 90% of all food allergies. It's important to display food allergen posters in your workplace - so your kitchen team will see at a glance all major allergens and the risks these allergens involve.

Food fraud is when a food manufacturer intentionally deceives its customers about the quality or the contents of the food. It can be altering, misrepresenting, mislabeling, substituting, or tampering. Food fraud is usually motivated by profit.

Foodborne illness, also known as food poisoning, is any illness resulting from consuming food contaminated with bacteria, viruses, parasites, or chemical substances. Shortly, a foodborne illness is a disease that is transmitted to people by

Business Intelligence أشهر برامج التحليل الذكي للأعمال

SAP Business Intelligence Zoho Analytics

Oracle BI Sisense

Microsoft Power BI Looker

MicroStrategy Clear Analytics

Datapine Tableau

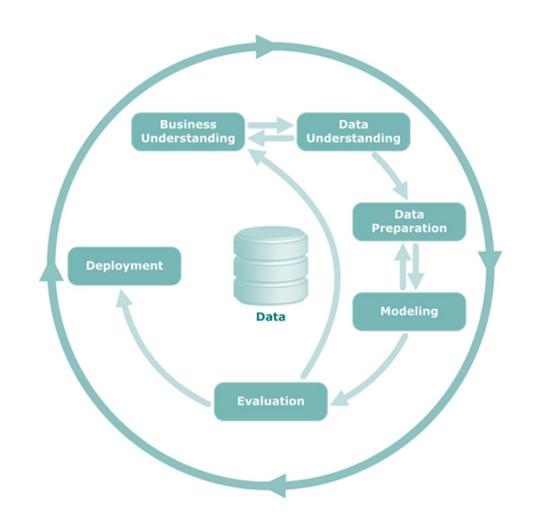
SAS Business Intelligence Domo

Yellowfin BI IBM Cognos Analytics

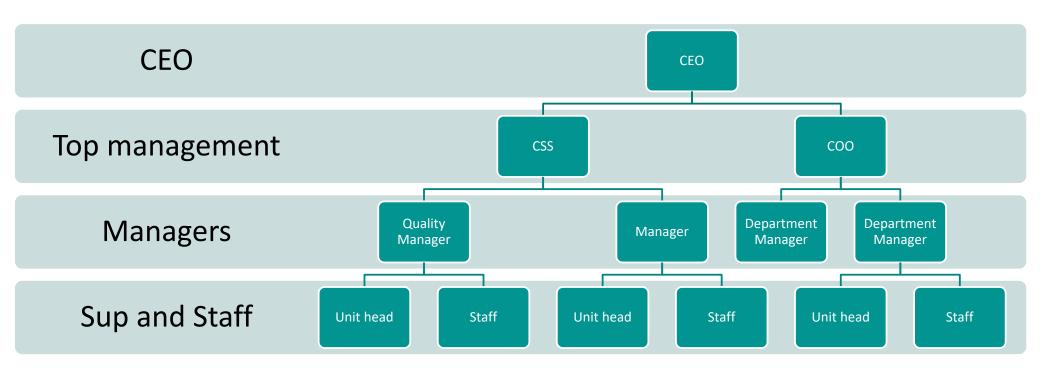
QlikSense



How to start



Deployment



RACI Example

Actions for the Focus Area	Roles and Responsibilities						
	Rita	Bob	Sue	Tom	Dick	Harry	Sally
Strategic Plan	R+A	1	C/I	1	1	1	1
Leadership Development	R+A	С	C/I	1	1	1	1
External Masterclasses	R+A	1	C/I	C/I	1	1	1
Commissioning external consultants	R+A	С	1	C/I	1	1	1
Strategic Measurement	R+A	1		1	1	1	1
Professional Development	R+A	С		1	1	1	I/C
Change Agent Programme	R+A	1	C/I	1	1	1	1

بعض مزايا Power BI في سلامة الغذاء

يظهر البيانات الرئيسية بوضوح

يشير إلى الاتجاهات والأنماط داخل البيانات

يزيد من فهم البيانات المعقدة

يجعل البيانات أكثر سهولة للوصول إلى صانعي القرار الرئيسيين

يدعم كبار المديرين التنفيذيين لاتخاذ القرارات بسرعة

مَكن من إدارة البيانات بسهولة لاستخدامها عبر الإدارات المتنوعة



تطبيق تعلم الآلة في صناعة الأغذية

تطبيق تعلم الآلة في صناعة الأغذية

1. تحسين سلسلة التوريد

• مكن أن تساعد حلول التعلم الآلي الشركات في تقدير الطلب على منتجاتها لتحسين إستراتيجية التسعير والنقل والمخزون. هذا يضمن المزيد من الشفافية ويقلل من الهدر.

2. فرز الأغذية وتعبئتها

• يمكن لحلول التعلم الآلي اليوم أتمتة العملية الصارمة لفرز الأطعمة وتعبئتها ، مما يساعد الشركات على توفير التكاليف الهائلة على العمالة البشرية وتسريع عملية الإنتاج.

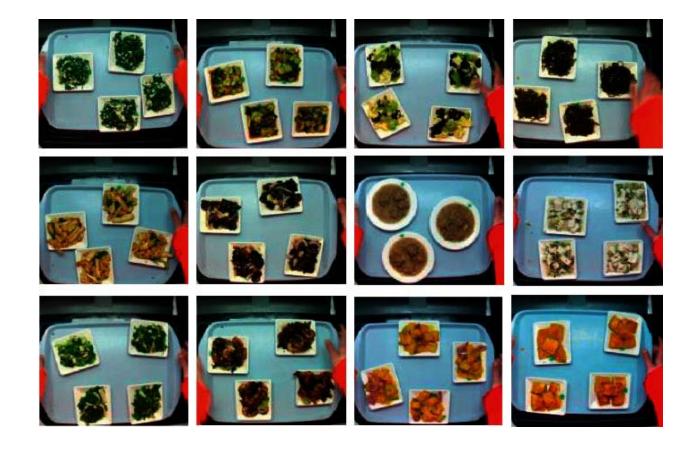
3. صيانة النظافة

• كانت أنظمة التنظيف التقليدية دامًا غير فعالة عندما يتعلق الأمر بالحفاظ على النظافة. من ناحية أخرى ، تستفيد التقنيات القائمة على الذكاء الاصطناعي اليوم من الاستشعار بالموجات فوق الصوتية لتزويد خوارزميات التعلم الآلي بالبيانات التي يمكن استخدامها لتحديد الحطام وجزيئات الطعام في المعدات.

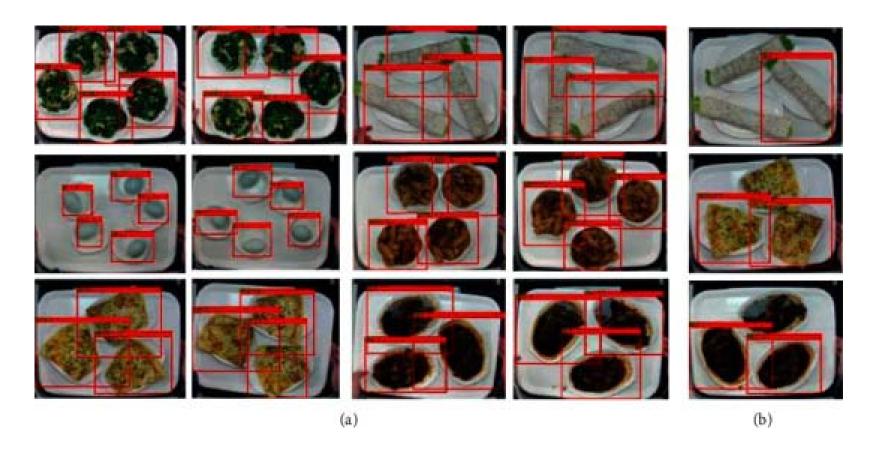
4. تطوير المنتج

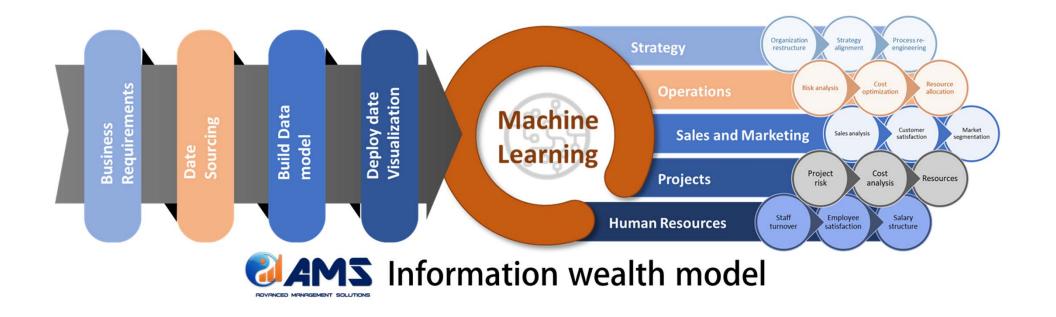
- هكن لشركات تجهيز الأغذية استخدام تقنية التعلم الآلي لتحليل وتحديد سلوك العملاء واحتياجاتهم. هكن بعد ذلك استخدام البيانات الناتجة لتصنيع منتجات مخصصة تلبي تلك الاحتياجات وتساعد الشركة على زيادة مبيعاتها.
 - ° يكفي القول ، إن الذكاء الاصطناعي والتعلم الآلي في صناعة الأغذية لهما دور مهم يلعبانه في المستقبل القريب. على هذا النحو ، من المهم للغاية بالنسبة لشركات تصنيع وتوزيع المواد الغذائية أن تتكيف بسرعة مع هذه التقنيات للاستمتاع بعمل مستقر ومربح.

طريقة الكشف عن سلامة الأغذية على أساس التعلم العميق



طريقة الكشف عن سلامة الأغذية على أساس التعلم العميق





Information wealth model

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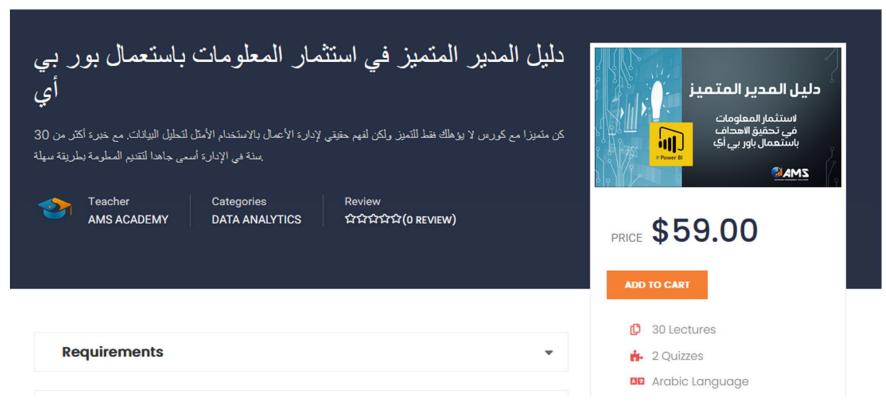
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https://academy.amsol.ca/courses/master-data-analytics-with-microsoft-power-bi/

م. علاء عبد الهادي Managing Partner Advanced Management Solutions



علاء عبد الهادي استشاري في شركه الحلول المتقدمة للإدارة بكندا

عمل م. علاء في استشارات تطوير الاستراتيجيات واعاده الهيكلة وتطوير الموارد البشرية وحلول المعلومات وتحليل البيانات في عدد من شركات البترول والهيئات الحكومية والشركات الخاصة والشركات الهندسية بالإضافة الي الجمعيات غير الهادفة للربح كما وعمل في عدد من الشركات الاستشارية العالمية

قام المهندس علاء بتقيم الشركات في جائزه دبي للموارد البشرية

حصل م. علاء على ماجستير في اداره الاعمال من جامعه ماسترخت في هولندا و شهاده متخصص في الموارد البشرية من جامعه مينيسوتا وشهاده متخصص في تحليل البيانات من جامعه دوق وكان المهندس علاء عضو مجلس اداره في جمعيه العربية لإدارة الموارد البشرية لمده هَان سنوات بالإضافة الى عضويته في العديد من الجمعيات المتخصصة

ALAA ABDULHADY

Managing Partner Advanced Management Solutions



PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE

Developed short and long-term strategy, initiatives and key performance indicators for organization structure for petrochemical construction company resulting in new strategy

Assessed and coached leaders on organization in manufacturing, construction and publishing industries

Developed organization structure for Makkah high commission authority

More than 30 years in managing, developing and implementing application at various industries include Financial, Military, Oil and Gas, Human Resources, Government and Engineering.

Certification

Certified IBM Artificial intelligence engineer

Certified IBM Artificial intelligence professional engineer

Certified Strategic Planning and Performance Management Expert (SPPME) from Performance Institute at Arlington, VA

EDUCATION

Advanced Business Analytics Specialization from University of Colorado Boulder

Human Resources management from Carlson School of Management at University of Minnesota

Data Analysis and Presentation Skills: the PwC Approach from PWC

Business Metrics for Data-Driven Companies from *Duke university*

Masters of Business Administration with Distinction – Strategy Management from Maastricht School of Management,

Maastricht, Netherlands

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Engineering Bachelor's Degree from Alexandria University, Faculty of Engineering, Alexandria, Egypt